

## Arsenic(III)

Equilibrium reaction	lgK at infinite dilution and $T = 298 \text{ K}$		
	Baes and Mesmer, 1976	Nordstrom and Archer, 2003	Nordstrom et al., 2014
$\text{As(OH)}_4^- + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{As(OH)}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	9.29	9.17	9.24 ± 0.02

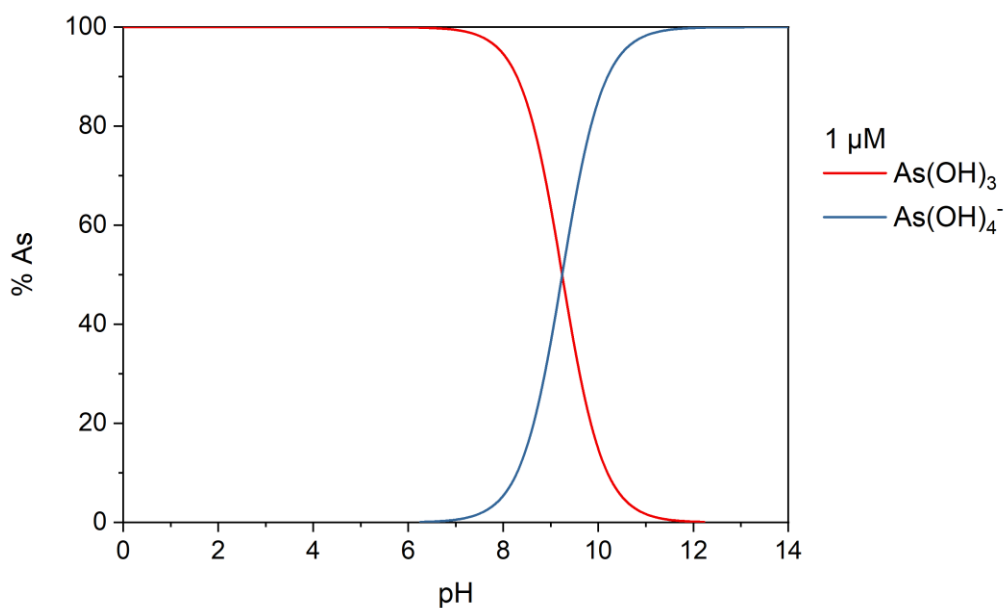
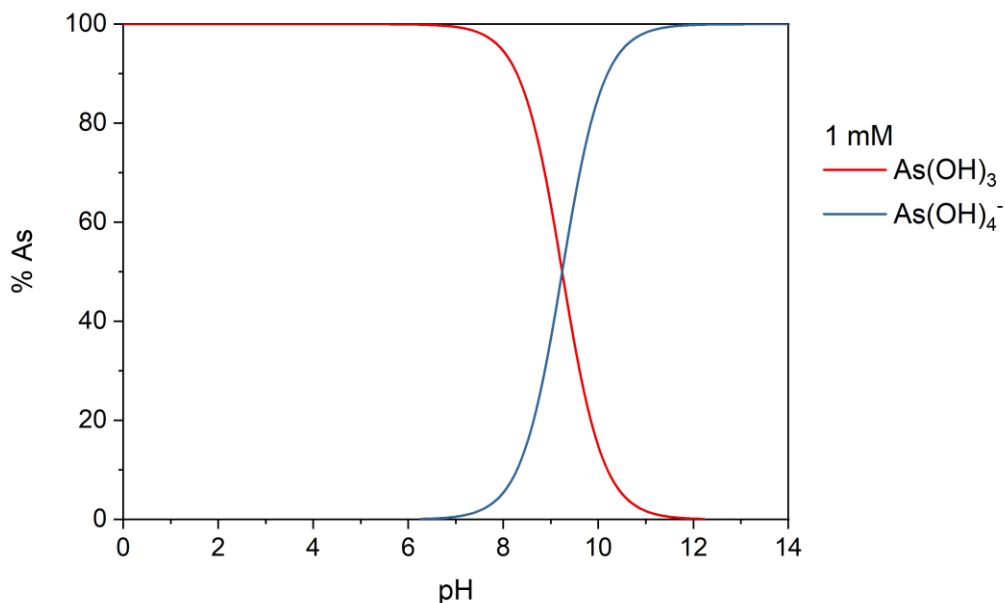
C.F. Baes and R.E. Mesmer, *The Hydrolysis of Cations*. Wiley, New York, 1976, p. 370.

D.K. Nordstrom and D. Archer, Arsenic thermodynamic data and environmental geochemistry. In: *Arsenic in Ground Water*. Welch AH, Stollenwerk KG (eds) Kluwer Academic Publishers, Amsterdam, 2003, pp. 1–25.

D.K. Nordstrom, J. Majzlan and E. Königsberger, Thermodynamic properties for As minerals & aqueous species. *Reviews in Mineralogy & Geochemistry*, 79, 217–255 (2014).

# Distribution diagrams

These diagrams have been computed at two As(III) concentrations (1 mM =  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup> and 1  $\mu$ M =  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>) with the 'best' equilibrium constant above (in green). Calculations assume  $T = 298$  K for the limiting case of zero ionic strength (*i.e.*, even neglecting plotted ions).



## Arsenic(V)

Equilibrium reaction	lgK at infinite dilution and $T = 298$ K			
	Baes and Mesmer, 1976	Khodakovsky et al., 1968	Nordstrom and Archer, 2003	Nordstrom et al., 2014
$\text{H}_2\text{AsO}_4^- + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_3\text{AsO}_4$	2.24	2.21	$2.26 \pm 0.078$	$2.25 \pm 0.04$
$\text{HAsO}_4^{2-} + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{AsO}_4^-$		6.93	$6.99 \pm 0.1$	$6.98 \pm 0.11$
$\text{AsO}_4^{3-} + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{HAsO}_4^{2-}$		11.51	$11.80 \pm 0.1$	$11.58 \pm 0.05$
$\text{HAsO}_4^{2-} + 2 \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_3\text{AsO}_4$	9.20			
$\text{AsO}_4^{3-} + 3 \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_3\text{AsO}_4$	20.70			

C.F. Baes and R.E. Mesmer, *The Hydrolysis of Cations*. Wiley, New York, 1976, p. 370.

I.L. Khodakovsky, B.N. Ryzhenko and G.B. Naumov, *Thermodynamics of aqueous electrolyte solutions at elevated temperatures (Temperature dependence of the heat capacities of ions in aqueous solution)*. *Geokhimiya*, 12, 1486–1503, 1968.

D.K. Nordstrom and D. Archer, *Arsenic thermodynamic data and environmental geochemistry*. In: *Arsenic in Ground Water*. Welch AH, Stollenwerk KG (eds) Kluwer Academic Publishers, Amsterdam, 2003, pp. 1-25.

D.K. Nordstrom, J. Majzlan and E. Königsberger, *Thermodynamic properties for As minerals & aqueous species*. *Reviews in Mineralogy & Geochemistry*, 79, 217–255 (2014).

# Distribution diagrams

These diagrams have been computed at two As(V) concentrations (1 mM =  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup> and 1  $\mu$ M =  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>) with the 'best' equilibrium constants above (in green). Calculations assume  $T = 298$  K for the limiting case of zero ionic strength (*i.e.*, even neglecting plotted ions).

