

## Equilibrium constants for hydrolysis and associated equilibria in critical compilations

# Beryllium

Equilibrium reactions	lgK at infinite dilution and $T = 298 \text{ K}$	
	Baes and Mesmer, 1976	Brown and Ekberg, 2016
$\text{Be}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{BeOH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	-5.40	$-5.39 \pm 0.14$
$\text{Be}^{2+} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}(\text{OH})_2 + 2 \text{H}^+$	-13.65	$-11.20 \pm 0.07$
$\text{Be}^{2+} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}(\text{OH})_3^- + 3 \text{H}^+$	-23.25	$-23.39 \pm 0.27$
$\text{Be}^{2+} + 4 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}(\text{OH})_4^{2-} + 4 \text{H}^+$	-37.41	
$2 \text{Be}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}_2\text{OH}^{3+} + \text{H}^+$	-3.97	$-3.54 \pm 0.04$
$3 \text{Be}^{2+} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}_3(\text{OH})_3^{3+} + 3 \text{H}^+$	-8.92	$-8.83 \pm 0.09$
$5 \text{Be}^{2+} + 6 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}_5(\text{OH})_6^{4+} + 6 \text{H}^+$		$-19.1 \pm 0.1$
$6 \text{Be}^{2+} + 8 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}_6(\text{OH})_8^{4+} + 8 \text{H}^+$	-27.2	$-26.3 \pm 0.1$
$\alpha\text{-Be}(\text{OH})_2(\text{cr}) + 2 \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}^{2+} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$	6.69	$6.87 \pm 0.10$
$\beta\text{-Be}(\text{OH})_2(\text{cr}) + 2 \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Be}^{2+} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$		$6.49 \pm 0.10$

C.F. Baes and R.E. Mesmer, *The Hydrolysis of Cations*. Wiley, New York, 1976, p. 95.

P.L. Brown and C. Ekberg, *Hydrolysis of Metal Ions*. Wiley, 2016, pp. 155–178.

# Distribution diagrams

These diagrams have been computed at two Be concentrations ( $1 \text{ mM} = 1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$  and  $1 \text{ }\mu\text{M} = 1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ ) with the 'best' equilibrium constants above (in green). Calculations assume  $T = 298 \text{ K}$  for the limiting case of zero ionic strength (*i.e.*, even neglecting plotted ions).

